Capital Investment Financing Options



Capital Project Considerations

•Economic impact and return on investment to the community.

- \circ Catalyst for redevelopment of blighted areas.
- Impact on quality of life, especially to young talent.
- Impact on public safety.
- Ability to attract/match grants, foundations, contributions, naming rights.

•Annual operational costs: Additional staffing, equipment, and maintenance.

RFP-Public/Private Partnership

- Purpose Redevelopment project:
 - Entice a developer to build a priority project in a redevelopment area which would have a significant economic benefit and catalyze additional development.

•RFP – would determine:

- Which developer best has the capability to do the project, and proposes the best scope of development.
- What is the least amount of city funding of public improvements needed? (The "but-for" test.)

Financing Method #1

1. Cash from reserve funds:

• Amount possible:

- Unrestricted reserves, est. at 12/31/20:
- AR law required reserves*: \$7.8 mil.
 GFOA recommendations**: \$8.7 mil.
- "Excess" unrestricted reserves (using GFOA): \$10.3 mil.

• Difference on interest rates:

- Cash deposits on reserve funds: est. 1.25%
- Debt/Lease: est. 3% (plus fees)



\$19 mil.

Financing Method #2

2. Debt/lease payments from existing cash flow (<u>no</u> tax increase).

• Council approval (no public vote):

- a. Maximum of 5 year term; OR,
- b. Term longer than 5 years, but repayment is restricted to <u>franchise fees</u>.

• Voter approval required:

Term more than 5 years <u>and</u> pledging sales tax for payments.

Financing Options - No Tax Increase

Туре	Limit	Approval	Disadvantage
Cash from Reserve Funds	NA	Council	* Takes several years.
Bank Loan or Lease	5 year term	Council	* Small loan amount due to short term.
Sales Tax Revenue Bond	Not Limited by law (but by cash flow)	Voters	* Higher bond amount possible. * Long timing to place on ballot * Election costs
Franchise Fee Revenue Bond	Franchise Fees	Council	Limited amount of Franchise Fees.
Municipal Lease	Franchise Fees	Council	 Limited amount of Franchise Fees. Higher fees than Revenue Bond.

Revenue Bond vs. Municipal Lease

	Revenue Bond	Municipal Lease
Facility Owned by (until paid off):	City	Developer
Speed of project completion:	Longer	Shorter
Architect/Const. Mgmt. selected by:	City Council	Developer
Contractor selected by:	City Council	Developer
Developer Fees (% of Project Cost)	None	Up to 8%
Operation/Maintenance, Taxes, Insurance of Facility	City	City

Franchise Fees

 Amounts:

- ° 2018 Actual: \$1,766,000
- ° 2019 Actual: \$1,716,000
- ° 2020 Budget: \$1,600,000
- ° 2021 Est. **\$1,500,000**
- •Discount if pledging for debt service. • 30% (of \$1.5 million) = \$450,000
- •Maximum possible Debt Service: \$1 mil./yr.

Est. Funding with <u>\$1 mil.</u> in annual debt service

Amortization	Revenue Bond	Municipal Lease**	
10 year	\$8 mil.	\$7.4 mil.	
15 year	\$11 mil.	\$10.4 mil.	
20 year	\$14 mil.	\$13 mil.	

* Assumes 3% interest rate; debt service reserve of 5% of project cost; Cost of issuance of 2.3%; and 1.5% reserve interest.

** Assumes management fee of 8% for Municipal Lease.

(Doesn't include capitalized interest for either option.)

Financing Method #3

- 3. Tax increase to provide funding for debt/lease payments:
- Requires voter approval.
- •Example: 1% sales tax increase.
 - Est. new annual tax: \$17 mil.*
 - 10 year term financing: est. <u>\$130 mil.</u>
 - ° 15 year term financing: est. <u>\$180 mil.</u>

* Based on average of past 3 years; Assumes no annual growth.



